Year	Торіс		Coverage (knowledge	Sequencing and	Kı	nowledge and Ski	ills
group			and skills)	progression	Musical Dev	velopment in the	Early Years
EYFS	Title: Getting to know me. (All about me)	Learn traditional rhymes and songs and move to music.	<b>Beat and Tempo</b> Hello, Hands, feet and faces, My turn your	(30-50 Months) Claps or taps to the pulse of the music he	Observing what a child is learning	What adults could do	What adults could provide
	Enquiry Question: Who am I and where do I come from? Wows:	Using percussions instruments to perform. Talk about Autumn	turn.	or she is listening to. Claps or taps to the pulse of the song he or she is singing.	Moves to the sound of instruments: walks, jumps, hops to the sound of a beating drum.	Encourage children to sway, walk or play instruments whilst listening to music.	Create space for movement and music as often as possible and plan for this in the environment.
				Physically interprets the sound of instruments: tiptoes to the sound of a xylophone. Physically imitates	Combines moving, singing and playing Instruments: marching, tapping a drum whilst singing.	Play movement and listening games that use different sounds for different movements: march to the sound of the	Present instruments in the learning environment.
				the actions of musicians: pretends to play the trumpet, piano, guitar.	Moves in time to the pulse of the music being listened to and physically responds to changes in the music.	drum, creep to the sound of the maraca, ask for the children's ideas.	Observe children's movement responses to sounds. (pieces of music, songs and instruments).

## Hipswell Music mapping

Title: Keep me Posted (people who help) Enquiry Question: Who will help me? Wows: Christmas Stay and Play Santa Visit Buddy the Elf	Learning how sounds can be changed: loud/quiet/high and low. Repeated rhythms and patterns: using percussion and tap sticks. Explores the different sounds of instruments. Children to make a map of the journey the postman will take Talk about Winter.	Loud and Quiet Christmas songs Why is Christmas special for Christians?	(30-50 Months) Adds sound effects to stories using instruments. Leads or is led by other children in their music making, (being a conductor). Listens and responds to others in pair/group music making. Plays instruments with control to play loud/ quiet, (dynamics), fast/slow (tempo). Shows control to hold and play instruments to produce a musical sound: holding a triangle in the air by the string with one hand and playing it with a beater with the other.	Plays instruments matching the structure of the music: playing quietly with quiet parts within music, stopping with the music when it stops. Keeps a steady beat whilst playing Instruments. Combines moving, singing and playing Instruments: marching, tapping a drum whilst singing.	Create music which has a range of dynamics involved. Play rhythm games: tapping out the syllables of children's names, song lyrics. Invite children to play instruments one by one and encourage other children to listen carefully, ask the children to describe the sound or move to the sound of each instrument as they listen.	Set up a music area with a selection of instruments; invite children one by one to create a piece of music. If revisited regularly children may become familiar with the activity and you may see children developing their own ideas.
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Title: Once Upon a Time (Tell me a story) Enquiry Question: I wonder? Wows: Visits from family members as secret story tellers	Puppets and drama. Children using their imagination and knowledge to plan and develop role play. Seasonal changes: moving into Spring.	High and Low Happy New Year (High and Low)	(30-50 Months) Merges elements of familiar songs with improvised singing. Creates sounds in vocal sound games.	Pitch matches: reproduces with his or her voice the pitch of a tone sung by another.	Play pitch matching games: hum or sing short phrases and invite children to copy you.	Plan for both large and small group singing sessions; hearing individual voices in large
Library Visit			Creates his or her own songs, often with a real sense of structure with a beginning and end. Changes some or all the words of a song. Has strong preferences for songs he or she likes to sing and/or listen to.	Able to sing the <b>melodic</b> <b>shape</b> (moving Melody: up and down, down & up) of familiar songs.	Use songs with and without words -children may pitch match more easily without words: use one-syllable sounds such as "ba".	group singing. Listen carefully and respectfully to children in their free play. Provide iPads to allow children to record their own and other children's songs.
Title: Spring has Sprung (growth and change) Enquiry Question: What can grow? Wows: Mother's Day afternoon tea	Talk about Spring	Learning and singing new songs linked to the theme Mother's Day and Spring	(30-50 Months) Can often sing an entire song; songs could be nursery rhymes, pop songs, songs from TV programmes, songs from home.	Sings entire songs. May enjoy performing, solo and or in groups.	Sing call and response songs so that children can echo phrases of songs you sing.	Plan for both large and small group singing sessions; hearing individual voices in large group singing.

			Has strong preferences for songs he or she likes to sing and/or listen to.	Internalises music: sings songs inside his or her head. Combines moving, singing and playing Instruments: marching, tapping a drum whilst singing.	Introduce new songs gradually and repeat them. Play movement and listening games that use different sounds for different movements: march to the sound of the drum, creep to the sound of the maraca, ask for the children's ideas.	Some children enjoy singing in a group, some prefer to sing individually outside of a group. Offer opportunities for children to sing solo.
Title: All Creatures Great and Small (Animals and new life) Enquiry Question: How can we care for living creatures? Wows: Hatching butterflies/ladybirds Visit to Foxglove Covert Nature Reserve	Seasonal changes: moving into Summer.	<b>Structure and</b> <b>Texture (M</b> oving Patterns, Pebbles, Join in)	<ul> <li>(30-50 Months)</li> <li>Can identify and match an instrumental</li> <li>Sound: hear a shaker and indicate</li> <li>that they understand</li> <li>it is a shaker.</li> <li>Matches music to</li> <li>pictures/visual</li> <li>resources.</li> <li>Describes the sound</li> <li>of instruments:</li> <li>scratchy sound, soft</li> <li>sound.</li> </ul>	Distinguishes and describes changes in music and compares pieces of music: "this music started fast and then became slow." "This music had lots of instruments but this music	Discuss the music with children, invite them to describe the music and seek out their opinions and thoughts.	Create a listening area and create a library of music that the children can choose from. Invite children to select music to play at certain times in the day: a track

Title: Oh, I do like to be Beside the Seaside! Enquiry Question: What will we see - at the beach and in the sea? Wows: Visit to the seaside or from marine experts.	Plays co-operatively as part of a group to act out a narrative. Talk about Summer	Timbre (Seaside, Our senses) Learning songs for end of year performance	Creates visual representation of sounds, instruments and pieces of music: mark making to specific sounds or pieces of music. (30-50 Months) Can often sing an entire song; songs could be nursery rhymes, pop songs, songs from TV programmes, songs from home.	only had voices." "This music was spiky and this music was smooth." Associates genres of music with characters and stories. Accurately anticipates changes in Music: when music is going to get faster, louder, slower. Sings entire songs. May enjoy performing, solo and or in groups.	Sing call and response songs so that children can echo phrases of songs you sing.	to play at snack time. Responses to music are individual, Allow and encourage children to respond individually. Plan for both large and small group singing sessions; hearing individual voices in large group singing.
End of year celebration.			Has strong preferences for songs he or she likes to sing and/or listen to.	Thinks abstractly about music and expresses this physically or verbally:	Introduce new songs gradually and repeat them.	

					"This music sounds like floating on a boat." "This music sounds like dinosaurs." Combines moving, singing and playing Instruments: marching, tapping a drum whilst singing.	Play movement and listening games that use different sounds for different movements: march to the sound of the drum, creep to the sound of the maraca, ask for the children's ideas.	outside of a group. Offer opportunities for children to sing solo.
Year group	Торіс	National Curriculum objectives	Coverage (knowledge and skills)	Sequencing and progression	Performing Challenge	Composing (including notation) Challenge	Appraising Challenge
1	Down Under	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	To listen and learn some songs and music from Australia. To perform a song during the Harvest service. To learn and prepare songs for the Christmas production.	Building on a basic knowledge of percussion instruments the Children will learn the correct names of untuned percussion instruments and look at instruments linked to Australia. Begin to learn more complicated songs.	Join in with sing Repeat (short rh Make a sequence	ythmic and melodi	c) patterns.

1	<i>G</i> o Wild	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. (Carnival of the Animals/Peter and the Wolf).	To learn animal songs and play circle singing games. To appraise popular animal songs adding their own percussion and rhythm. To appraise Peter and the Wolf and The carnival of The Animals.	Building on appraising skills began in Term One Children are introduced to the classical orchestra and begin to appraise music by Prokofiev and Saint-Saëns.	Use their voice to Join in with singin Make loud and qui Know that the cha Make different so Tell the differenc Tell the differenc Choose sounds to Recognise repeate Follow instructions	g. et sounds. orus keeps being re ounds with instrum e between long an e between high ar represent differen d patterns.	epeated. ents. d short sounds. d low sounds. nt things.
1	Horrible Histories	Pupils should be taught to: Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. (Out of the Ark songs linked). My World: I Love Music	To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. (Out of the Ark songs linked). My World: I Love Music	Begin to use and understand musical vocabulary when listening to a piece of music.	Use their voice to Clap short rhythm Copy sounds. Make loud and qui Know that the cho Respond to difference Say how a piece of Tell the difference tempo. Tell the difference	ic patterns. et sounds. orus keeps being re ent moods in music f music makes the e between a fast	epeated. 2. 2m feel. and slow
Year group	Торіс	National Curriculum objectives	Coverage (knowledge and skills)	Sequencing and progression	Performing Challenge	Composing (including notation) Challenge	Appraising Challenge
2	Land Ahoy	To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	To build upon this objective by learning and performing songs with more complex melodies. (Sea Shanties)	Develop further appraisal skills by listening to popular sea related songs.	Sing accurately at Perform simple parkeeping a steady perform with othe Perform with othe Play simple rhythm Sing/clap a pulse in tempo.	tterns and accomp pulse. rs. nic patterns on an	instrument.

	Time Machine	Experiment with, create,	To use a basic	Refer to Year 1	Sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting tempo; keeping to the pulse. Order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end. Choose sounds which create an effect. Use symbols to represent sounds. Respond to different moods in music. Say how a piece of music makes them feel. Sing and follow the melody (tune).
		select and combine sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. To use their voices expressively and	computer programme to compose their own music combing sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music. To learn and perform a song for the Harvest service.	adding percussion to songs. The Children now move to create their own rhythms and music on Purple Mash. <b>(2 Explore)</b> Take a more active role in the Christmas production.	Sing accurately at a given pitch. Perform with others. Order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end.
		creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	To learn and prepare several songs for the Christmas production and Church services.		Create music in response to different starting points. Respond to different moods in music. Say how a piece of music makes them feel. Improve their own work.
2	Street Detectives	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music. Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	To continue to build upon this objective by learning and performing songs with complex melodies and lyrics. (Yorkshire Folk songs)	Children move onto using a more advances Compositional programme on the computer to create more complex melodies and rhythms. Purple Mash (2Beat)	Sing accurately at a given pitch. Perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse. Sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting tempo; keeping to the pulse. Choose sounds which create an effect. Use symbols to represent sounds. Use simple structures in a piece of music. Know that phrases are where we breathe in a sona
		,			Listen out for particular things when listening to music.

		National Curriculum objectives			Identify two type time?	es of sound happe	ning at the sam	
			Coverage (knowledge and skills)		Recognise sounds that move by steps and by lea			
Year group	Торіс			Sequencing and progression	Performing	Composing (including notation)	Appraising	
					Challenge	Challenge	Challenge	
3 Vicious Vi	Vicious Vikings	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing	To I earn and perform more complicated	Introduce the children to more	Sing in tune with expression. Control their voice when singing. Understand metre in 3 beats; then 4 beats. Understand how the use of tempo can provide contrast within a piece of music. Use musical words (the elements of music) to			
		musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression H T Se C	songs links with the Viking Topic. To prepare for the	complicated musical concepts and vocabulary. (e.g. Arpeggios + scales) Begin to discuss syncopation.				
			Harvest service. To learn and prepare several songs for the Christmas production and Church services.		describe a piece o Identify repetitio	of music and com	positions.	
3	We Will Rock You	Will Rock YouAppreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices	To follow the objectives by listening to and appraising several famous classical pieces of music.	Building on from pictorial representation of	Sing in tune with			
					Control their voice when singing. Play clear notes on instruments. Create repeated patterns with different instruments.			
				musical sounds from Year 2				
				(2 Explore/ 2 Beat)				
			To learn new songs	rhythm notation to	Combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling.			
			related to the topic which include percussion	the children.	Improve their won Recognise the won composer.		e famous	
			accompaniment.		Use musical words describe a piece of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
					Use musical words to describe what they like a dislike.			
					Identify repetitio	on, contrasts and	variations.	
					Play clear notes a	on instruments		

3 Year	Poles Apart Topic	Use and understand staff and other musical notations, also if possible including ICT. Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To improvise and compose musical chant, rhyme and melody linked to the journey of The Titanic. To work together to compose and create their own musical composition based on a movement from The Planet Suite. <b>Coverage (knowledge</b>	Building on the previous compositional work in Year 2 the children will attempt more complex work creating their own rhythms, chants and now melodies.	Work with a partner to create a piece using more than one instrument.Use different elements in composition Compose melodies and songs.Create accompaniments for tunes.Begin to use rhythmic notation to reco ideas.Understand metre in 3 beats; then 4 Understand how the use of tempo can contrast within a piece of music.Say how their work has improved.Use musical words to describe what the dislike.Recognise the work of at least one fac composer.PerformingComposing (including)		ion. ecord their 4 beats. can provide
group		objectives	and skills)	progression	Challenge	(including notation) Challenge	Challenge
4	Children At War	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To prepare with increasing accuracy a song for the Harvest festival adding rhythmic percussion. To learn songs from The Second World War from memory identifying 2 famous composers or musicians. To take an active and lead role in the Christmas Productions.	Building on voice control from Year 3 and expressive singing the children will be encouraged to sing songs with accurate pitch.	Sing songs from r Describe and ider music. Identify with the	part rhythmically. nemory with accur ntify the different work of 2 famous nange in timbre ca of music.	ate pitch. purposes of composers.

4	Mad and Marvellous	Develop an understanding of the history of music. (focus on experimental composers and music such as John Cage, Phillip Glass) Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different composers and musicians. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music. (ICT)	To appraise and evaluate several classical and modern composers in chronological order understanding their role in the historical development of music. To experiment with instruments to create their own short musical piece. To improvise and compose musical rap in connection with one of the Egyptian Gods.	Linked to work in Year 3 where the children recognised the work of at least one famous composer and used musical words to describe what they like and dislike, the children build upon this by increasing their range of musical vocabulary to appraise the music of several famous composers. Refer back to Prokofiev in Year 1 whose aim was to introduce children to the orchestra and classical music and compare this to the avant-garde music of John Cage. Build on compositional work from the previous term and Year 3 Term 2. Use standard rhythmic notation.	scales. Show how they concontrast. Explain the place has. Describe and idention music. Identify with the Use selected pitch simple harmony. Use standard note Use their notation Explore and use standard.	epeated patterns. ets of pitches, e.g in use dynamics to of silence and say tify the different work of 2 famous hes simultaneously ation. in a performance ets of pitches, e.g	g. 4 note provide what effect it purposes of composers. to produce 3. g. 4 note purposes of
Year group	Торіс	National Curriculum objectives	Coverage (knowledge and skills)	Sequencing and progression	Performing	Composing (including notation)	Appraising

					Challenge	Challenge	Challenge		
5	Eco-Army The Greeks	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	To play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Perform at the Harvest Service. Perform at the Christmas Concert.	Build on previous learning and experience of performing with accurate pitch, control and expression the children will learn to maintain their part while others perform a counter melody.	Understand the relation between pulse and				
		Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music.Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To appraise and evaluate with increasing musical vocabulary chosen musical works by composers linked to The Olympics. (John Williams/ Leo Arnaud) To work together to compose and create their own musical composition based upon these works.	Continuing to build on last terms composition work, the children will appraise and compose with greater confidence while beginning to understand the relationship between melody, harmony of rhythm.	rhythmic phrases. Change sounds or change the effect Compose music wh Choose the most of music? Use their notation (chords). Understand the re syncopated patter Identify (and use contrasts and var structure to a me timbre. Evaluate music us Explain why they unsuccessful. Suggest improvem work.	organise them dif t. hich meets specific appropriate tempo ns to record group elation between pr rns. ) how patterns of iations can be org clody, rhythm, dyn ing musical vocabu think their music	c criteria. for a piece of os of pitches ulse and repetitions, manised to give mamic and ulary. is successful or		

					Choose the most music.	appropriate tempo	for a piece of								
5	Final Frontier	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music.	To appraise and evaluate with increasing musical vocabulary a chosen movement from The Planet Suite by Gustav Holst. To work together to compose and create their own musical composition based on a movement from The Planet Suite.	Build on previous composition work but with a focus on the relationship between the pulse and syncopated rhythms. Refer back to musical vocabulary taught in Year 4.	Maintain their part whilst others are performing their part.         Perform from simple notations.         Devise and play a repeated sequence of pitches on a tuned instrument to accompany a song.         Compose music which meets specific criteria.         Understand the relation between pulse and syncopated patterns.         Identify (and use) how patterns of repetitions, contrasts and variations can be organised to give structure to a melody, rhythm, dynamic and timbre.         Evaluate music using musical vocabulary.         Contrast the work of famous composers and show preferences.										
									Explain how tempo changes the character of music.						
									Use pitches simultaneously to produce harmony by building up simple chords.						
								Year group	Торіс	National Curriculum objectives	Coverage (knowledge and skills)	Sequencing and progression	Performing	Composing (including notation)	Appraising
													Challenge	Challenge	Challenge
6								Behind Enemy Lines	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	Build on the progress that the children have made throughout the school of performing in concerts and services. Refer back to Year 5 Term 1 the children	Sing a harmony part confidently and accurately.			
												Perform using notations.			
					Take the lead in a performance. Take on a solo part.										
l	Provide rhythmic support.														

		Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.	Perform at the Harvest Service. Perform at the Christmas Concert.	will now confidently and accurately sing a harmony part.	Perform a piece of music which contains two (or more) distinct melodic or rhythmic parts, knowing how the parts will fit together. Recognise that different forms of notation serve different purposes. Refine and improve their work. Analyse features within different pieces of music. Sing a harmony part confidently and accurately. Perform parts from memory.
6	Drink of the Gods	Develop an understanding of the history of music. Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music.	history of Mayan Termusic. Chi Discuss the pie instruments learning sty the names and the Sui sounds of what we Dis believe were played at that time. Compose a piece or pull pieces of music in the lack style of the Mayans. Com To use different forms of notation, Ref creating graphic unt scores for their own the composition and begin for	Link back to Year 5 Term 2 when the children composed a piece of music in the style of The Planet Suite. Discuss the skills which they used and focused on (syncopated rhythms against a steady pulse) and discuss the lack of structure and control that is Mayan Music. Refer back to using untuned percussion as the children begin to formally learn how to play the recorder.	Perform using notations.         Take the lead in a performance.         Take on a solo part.         Perform a piece of music which contains two (or more) distinct melodic or rhythmic parts, knowing how the parts will fit together.         Use a variety of musical devices in their composition (incl melody, rhythms and chords).         Recognise that different forms of notation serve different purposes.
					Use different forms of notation. Combine groups of beats. Show how a small change in tempo can make a piece of music more effective. Refine and improve their work. Analyse features within different pieces of music. Compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time. Appraise the introductions, interludes and endings for songs and compositions they have created.

			formally learn how to play the recorder.		Use a variety of musical devices in their composition (incl melody, rhythms and chords). Recognise that different forms of notation serve different purposes.
6	Riotous Romans	Develop an understanding of the history of music. (Begin with early music and work through Chronologically). Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To develop an understanding of the official history of western music and focus upon the lives of famous composers. To continue to formally learn the recorder developing their skills at reading standard musical notation.	To successfully build upon their skills in the previous term learning how to play the recorder while developing their ability to read and understand standard musical notation.	Use different forms of notation. Combine groups of beats. Show how a small change in tempo can make a piece of music more effective. Refine and improve their work. Analyse features within different pieces of music. Compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time. Appraise the introductions, interludes and endings for songs and compositions they have created.